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HONGKONG, THURSDAY, AUGUST 22, 1918.

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NOTICE.

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Applicants will be required to produce Passports or identification papers. All persons with certain exceptions, who remain in the Colony for more than 7 days are required to Register themselves under the REGISTRATION OF PERSONS ORDINANCE 1918. Forms of Registration giving the particulars required may be obtained at the G.P.O. and at all Police Stations.
The Penalty for non compliance is a fine not exceeding \$50.

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TOTAL FUNDS AT 31st DECEMBER, 1914.
£23,970,567.
1—Authorized Capital £5,000,000
Subscribed Capital £4,000,000
Paid-up Capital £2,487,600
2—Fire Fund £3,857,047
3—Life & Annuity Funds £17,567,580
Sinking Fund Account £128,230
£23,970,567
Revenue Fire Branch £2,381,458
Life and Annuity £1,141,593
Branches £37,233
Revenue Marine Department £478,940
Other Receipts £5,338,228

The Accumulative Funds of the various Branches are separately invested, and, by Act of Parliament, are set aside to meet the claims under the respective Departments of the Company's Business.
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8.00 a.m. to 10.00 a.m. Every 10 minutes.
10.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes.
11.00 a.m. to 12.45 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
12.45 p.m. to 1.15 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
1.15 p.m. to 1.45 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
1.45 p.m. to 2.15 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
2.15 p.m. to 3.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
3.00 p.m. to 3.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
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11.00 p.m. to 11.45 p.m. every quarter of an hour.

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8.00 a.m. to 10.30 a.m. Every 15 minutes.
10.30 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Every 10 minutes.
11.00 a.m. to 12 Noon Every 15 minutes.
12.00 noon to 1.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
1.00 p.m. to 6.30 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
6.30 p.m. to 8.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
8.30 p.m. to 8.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
NIGHT CARS as on Week Days.

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SPECIAL CARS by arrangement at the Company's Office, ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS, Des Voeux Road Central.
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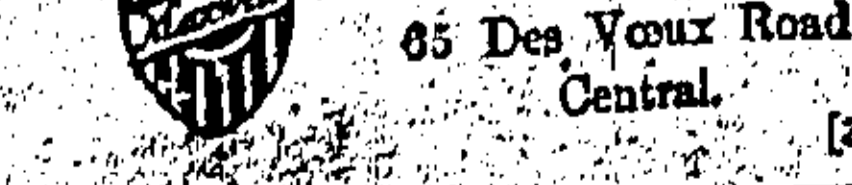


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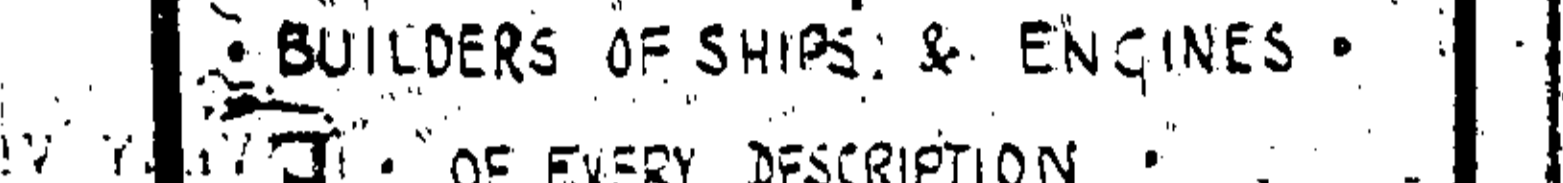


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THE GREAT BATTLE.

TWO BIG ALLIED ATTACKS.

TEN THOUSAND PRISONERS IN TWO DAYS.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

FRENCH ADVANCE PROGRESSES.

MORE POSITIONS CAPTURED.

TEN THOUSAND PRISONERS TAKEN IN TWO DAYS.

London, Aug. 21, 1.40 a.m.

A French communiqué states:—South of the Aisne, after a bitter struggle, we captured Neuvaigues.

In the course of yesterday's advance between the Matz and the Oise we took 500 prisoners.

East of the Oise we attacked in the morning on a front of 25 kilometres from Bailly to the Aisne.

On the left we reached the southern borders of the Forest of Oisecamp and the outskirts of Carpent and Caignes.

In the centre we captured Lombarly, Dierly and Courdele, and gained a footing on the plateau north of Vassens.

On the right we captured the villages of Vezaponin, Tarteries, Caisnevalmont, Oisy and Courtin. We made an average advance of four kilometres on the whole front and captured 8,000 prisoners.

Altogether over 10,000 prisoners have been taken since August 10th between the Oise and the Aisne alone.

GERMANS RESISTING STIFFLY.

VERY DIFFICULT GROUND CAPTURED.

London, Aug. 20.

Reuter's Agency learns that General Mangin's Army captured the villages of Cuts and Vezaponin and took over 2,800 prisoners to-day by 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

To-day's maximum advance at Cuts is three miles over very difficult ground.

The French are on the plateau east of Tarteries and are progressing towards Caignes.

The Germans are still resisting at Hill 180 east of Le Mesnil. The attacks are proceeding.

ENEMY'S FEEBLE RESISTANCE.

GERMAN REINFORCEMENTS FAIL TO ARREST FRENCH ADVANCE.

London, Aug. 21.

Reuter's Correspondent at French Headquarters, telegraphing yesterday evening, says:—

This morning's advance was on a front of 20 miles from Pimprey to Faidin.

During the night the Germans brought up fresh Divisions from a long distance in the rear.

The Jaeger Division, the captors of Mont Kemmel, was shifted from the Soissons region to resist General Mangin's shock. These reinforcements were, however, of little avail, for three hours after the attack began the French had passed forward for an average distance of 24 miles on the whole front. Thousands were taken prisoner.

The German infantry fought well but their artillery was feeble. Aviation was practically non-existent.

The whole of the German front line was passed in an hour after the attack began.

The most difficult part of the operation was the passage of the Audignécourt ravine, the northern edge of which was the German main line of resistance.

KEEP IT HANDY.

IMMEDIATE relief is necessary in attacks of diarrhoea. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy should always be on hand. For sale by all Chemists and Druggists.

INTERESTING BATTLE POSITION.

WHAT RECENT ADVANCE?—
LONDON, Aug. 20.

The battle position is becoming extremely interesting. The German advance of 10 days means that the enemy is probably forced to retire from the Aisne and Aisne positions to Chemin-des-Dames.

The French now threaten to cut off not only the Aisne line but also the Chaulnes-Roye-Lassigny line. Moreover, any further deep thrust would carry General Mangin to the Aisne and force the gates of Chemin-des-Dames.

General Mangin's Army, on General Mangin's left continues to progress in the valley of the Oise, where the Germans are stubbornly resisting.

The French Press expresses satisfaction that the latest British advance on the Lys sector has freed the important mining centre of Calonne.

BRITISH ATTACK ON WIDE FRONT.

PROGRESS NORTH OF THE ANCRE.
LONDON, Aug. 21.

Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reports:—

We attacked at 4.55 this morning on a wide front northward of the Ancre.

We are progressing satisfactorily.

We completely repulsed strong attacks against our new positions northward of the Scarpe, slightly improved our positions in the neighbourhood of Fautouy, advanced our line during the night between Festubert and the Lawe river, and captured Le Tourlet.

English troops carried out a successful local attack on Hill 111 mile front in the Loos sector. All the objectives were taken and a number of prisoners.

BRITISH TAKE THREE VILLAGES.

LONDON, Aug. 20.

Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reports:—

There has been local fighting on both banks of the Scarpe.

We repulsed attacks to the south of the river against the posts which we established to the east of the enemy's former line.

We advanced at short distance to the east of Bapaume, after sharp fighting, in which we took prisoners.

We also gained further ground astride the Lys.

We also took Le Pinette and are to the east of Merville.

We also took Vierbuck and La Couronne, to the north of Merville.

We repulsed a raid to the north east of Loos.

COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF CONGRATULATES FOURTH ARMY.

LONDON, Aug. 20.

Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig has telegraphed to General Rawlinson his warmest congratulations to all concerned on the magnificent success recently gained by the Fourth Army.

(Continued on Page 5.)

INTIMATIONS

THE HONGKONG ROPE
MANUFACTURING CO., LTD.

AN INTERIM DIVIDEND OF ONE DOLLAR (\$1-) per Share for account 1918 will be payable on THURSDAY, the 15th August, 1918. Shareholders are requested to apply for Dividend Warrants at the Company's Office, St. George's Buildings, Hongkong. The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from SATURDAY, the 10th August, 1918, to THURSDAY, the 15th August, 1918, both days inclusive.

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.,
General Managers.
Hongkong, July 30, 1918. 633ST. HILDA'S GIRLS' SCHOOL,
CANTON,
EAST PARADE GROUNDS.

SCHOOL RE-OPENS (D.V.) September 18th. Entrance examinations September 18th. Chinese Course, eleven years; English Course, thirteen years. Boarders' Fees: Sixty to One hundred and eighty dollars per annum.
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COULOMMIER CHEESE
COTTAGE CHEESE
Nourishing and ideal food.
DEVONSHIRE CREAM
Can always be had.
We supply Junket Tablets on application.

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Central Location.
All Electric Trams Pass Entrance.
Electric Lifts, Fans and Lighting.
European Baths and Sanitary Fixings.
Hot and Cold Water System throughout.
Best of Food and Service.
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Telephone No. 2667.
We guarantee the quality of our Bread and Cakes.
We use the highest grade of materials in their Manufacture. 637

"REGAL"
RECORDS

- 7312 Another Little Drink
(If you were the only Girl.)
7502 A Broken Doll
(Keep the Kettle Boiling, Mary.)
(They didn't believe me)
7174 They had to swim back to the Shore.
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(Somewhere a Voice.)
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500 "do.	15.00
60 China Stamps	11.00
100 "do.	20.00
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100 Chinese Stamps	3.25
120 "do.	5.00

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INTIMATIONS

G. R.

NOTICE.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that in accordance with Regulations published under Government Notification No. 202 of 31st May, 1918, commencing from 1st September, 1918, all PRIVATE CHAIRS have to be Licensed at an Annual Licence Fee of \$3, payable in advance.
CHAIR BEARERS have to be Licensed at a Fee of 30 cents each yearly.
P. P. J. WODEHOUSE,
Captain Superintendent of Police.
Hongkong, Aug. 16, 1918. 671

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL
ELECTION.TO THE JUSTICES OF THE PEACE
OF THE COLONY OF HONGKONG.

GENTLEMEN,
It is my intention to stand for the vacancy on the Legislative Council to represent the Justices of the Peace during the two months' absence of the Hon. Mr. H. E. Pollock, K.C.
Mr. Andrew Forbes has proposed and Mr. Evan Ormiston has seconded my nomination.
If I am elected, I will do the best I can in the interests of the Colony—the Commercial Community of which I have been associated with for the past twenty years.
I have the honour to be,
Gentlemen,
Yours obedient servant,
A. R. LOWE.
Hongkong, Aug. 19, 1918. 683

THE CHINESE OPTICAL CO.
HONGKONG BRANCH
67 QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

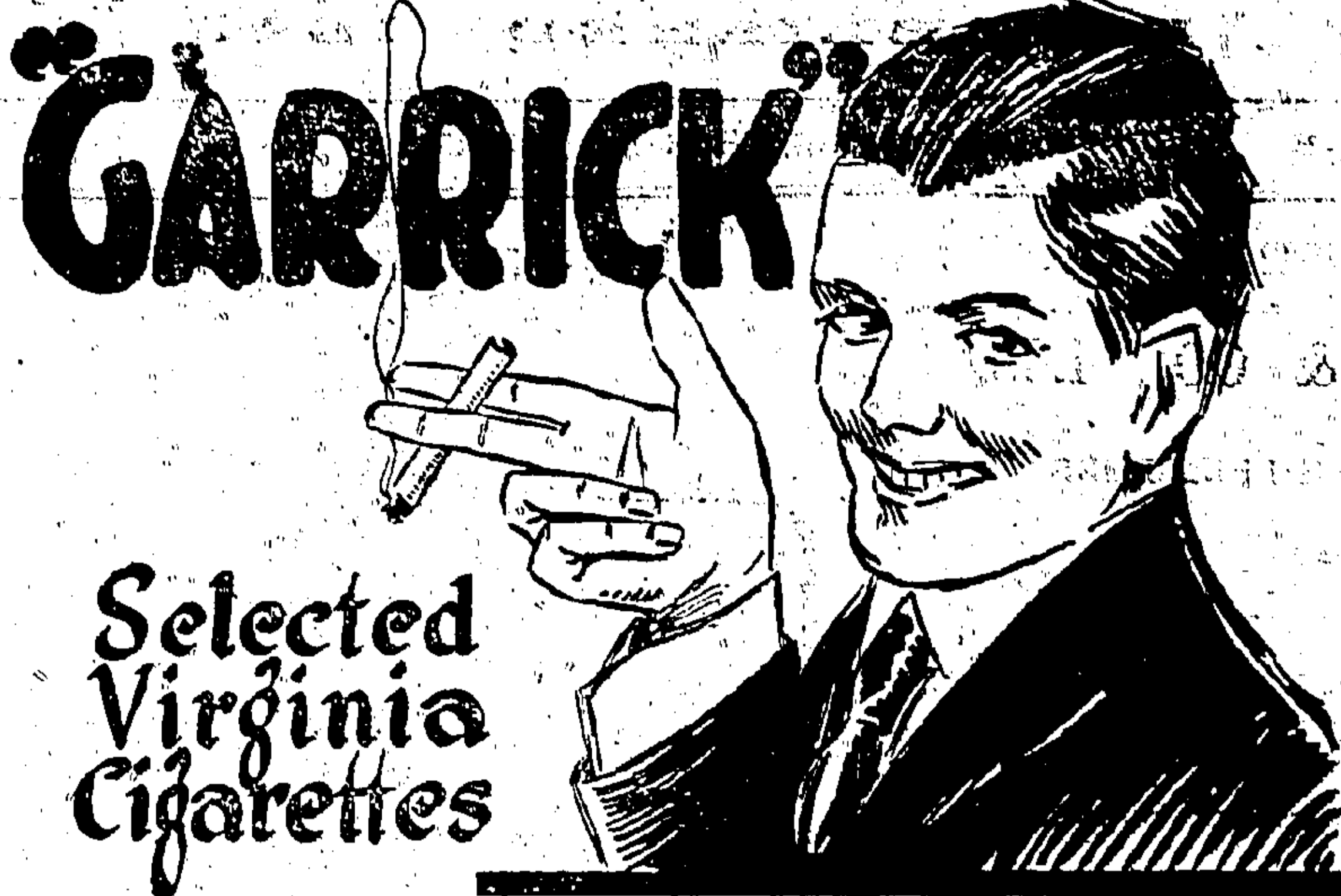
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SCIENTIFIC EYE EXAMINATION
All sorts of
Frames Lenses, and Protection glasses.

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THERAPION NO. 1
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profession.

GARRICK Cigarettes are
DISTINCTLY HIGH CLASS.

SIR A. GEDDES ON TRIBUNALS.

CHARGE OF FAVOURITISM.

Sir Auckland Geddes, Minister of National Service, visited Manchester, and, after an inspection of works in Trafford Park, opened a War Photograph Exhibition at the Art Gallery.
Sir Auckland Geddes said not a day passed on which he did not get at least one letter telling him "to comb out Whitehall." Very often the letter had a pleasant border decoration of rabbits, some sitting in holes and others sitting with labels round their necks bearing the words, "You cannot comb me out." (Laughter.) There was a good deal of nonsense talked about the extension of the Civil Service. Out of 123,000 men 23,000 had gone voluntarily to the Colours. New Departments had been created, but there had been a diminution in the strength of the male members of the Civil Service of no fewer than 56,000. It was the women who had provided such extension as there had been. There was avoidable waste in the country, and there was too much waste, to a superficial observer, there were more signs of it than in Lancashire. It was on the side of luxuries that economies could be effected.

At a luncheon given by the Column Club Sir Auckland Geddes explained that the policy of his Department was to broaden the basis from which men were drawn. Recent criticism was based on a misunderstanding of what the Ministry of National Service was doing. Informed criticism was the most helpful thing that one could have, but at the present time this criticism was holding up men from the forces. The Army was not getting the men it ought to get, because people said the procedure was not perfect. It was not perfect because it was human. One felt deeply for the men who were being taken, but the Army in the field had to be maintained, and the whole destiny of this country depended upon the reserves that we could place behind the Armies for the months yet to come. Many being protected in this country, many being exempted, whose removal from civil life would not lead to a catastrophe. There were

many men being protected by tribunals because their fathers were friends of the members of those tribunals. (A voice—"And of the House of Commons.") He did not wish to say anything, but these men who were using the social pull to protect their young healthy sons were traitors, absolutely playing the game of the enemy. (Cheers.)
Not only were our Armies short of men through their action, but they were creating a feeling that this was not an equal business, and that some men had a pull, and privilege, and power. He was afraid this was what some of the tribunals in the country were allowing them to have. Only public opinion could root that out. No regulation and no order could do it. They might change their personnel, but the only thing that could eradicate that sort of evil was the determination of the men and women of the country that these things should be done fairly. We are not a public opinion, they could make it impossible for such things to happen. The only way democracy could govern was that there should be fearless criticism of graft, of favouritism, and of privilege. (Cheers.)

WEARING OF MILITARY OR CIVIL
DECORATIONS.

Before the war, it was not regarded as a "good form" to wear military or civil decorations, remarks a correspondent in a London journal, except with uniform or at least full evening dress, when ribbons or miniatures were permissible. What is to happen when the boys come home and get back into uniform? Are all our heroes, the V.C.'s and D.C.O.'s and M.C.'s and M.M.'s, to be masked? Already, in the case of the silver badge and the wound stripe, we have broken with tradition, and in a reconstructed world there may very well be spaces for crosses and medals on the civilian breast.

CONVERTED BY "NAPCO."

At a Mansion House meeting, the Archbishop of Westminster related that a soldier on the Western front told a chaplain he wanted to get married to a French girl, whose language he could not speak. The chaplain observed that she must be a Roman Catholic.

"Well, sir, she was," replied the man, "but you see I explained all that to her. 'But if you don't know French how could you do that?' asked the padre. 'Oh,' replied the soldier, 'I took her into some of the churches and, showing her the statues, I said, 'Napoo.' 'Pas bon.' And now she's a Protestant."

FOR A WEAK STOMACH.

It is a general rule all you need to do is to adopt a diet suited to your age and occupation, and to keep your bowels regular. When you feel that you have eaten too much and, when consulted, one of Chamberlain's Tablets. For sale by all Chemists and Dispensaries.

THE UNIVERSAL ADJECTIVE.

Mr. Griffiths Newton tells the following Shakespeare story of his experiences at Rulerberg.
"We had occasion to use bad language, and one of the epithets directed at the officer in charge was prefaced with an adjective beginning with the letter b. The prisoners were assembled before the commander, who ordered twenty-four hours' confinement to barracks. Later, however, a deputation waited upon him, and politely informed him that the term in the English language was one of endearment, and was used by Shakespeare in 'Macbeth'. The punishments were countermanded."

The impolite adjective is used not only in 'Macbeth', but in nearly every other play of Shakespeare's as well, the most notable exceptions being 'Much Ado About Nothing' and 'The Taming of the Shrew' (it was here that Petruchio drew the line). Probably, the allusion in 'Macbeth' was to Donalbain's words: 'The near in blood, the nearer bloody,' which might well be understood by German ears as indicating an unusual degree of cousinly affection. And an adroit commentator might have emphasized the point by quoting Macbeth's reference in the ensuing act to 'my bloody cousin.'

CHINESE SLANG.

To the presence of native Chinese labour working on the roads in France are due many of the additions to the war slang, percolating to 'Blighly.' 'Bon' and 'Napoo' now worked to death. These are being replaced by Anglo-French Chinese substitutes such as 'Good-a-la' and 'Finah-a-la.' It seems to be a general rule in France that to translate a word into the Chinese dialect, it is only necessary to 'riff up' with 'a-la,' a war time variation of the double 'a' ending, which formed the comic relief of pidgin English in days gone by.

THE HONGKONG & WHAMPOA DOCK CO., LD.

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NAME OF DOCK OR SLIP	LENGTH ON KEEL BLANCH	ENTRANCE BREADTH	DEPTH OVER ALL AT ORDINARY SPRING TIDES	RISE OF TIDE SPRINGS	STRAITS
A. FLOOR					
No. 1 Dock, Kowloon	700	150 (top bottom)	25	7	162
No. 2 Dock, Kowloon	250	150	25	7	162
No. 3 Dock, Kowloon	250	150	25	7	162
No. 4 Dock, Kowloon	250	150	25	7	162
No. 5 Dock, Kowloon	250	150	25	7	162
No. 6 Dock, Kowloon	250	150	25	7	162
No. 7 Dock, Kowloon	250	150	25	7	162
No. 8 Dock, Kowloon	250	150	25	7	162
No. 9 Dock, Kowloon	250	150	25	7	162
No. 10 Dock, Kowloon	250	150	25	7	162
No. 11 Dock, Kowloon	250	150	25	7	162
No. 12 Dock, Kowloon	250	150	25	7	162
No. 13 Dock, Kowloon	250	150	25	7	162
No. 14 Dock, Kowloon	250	150	25	7	162
No. 15 Dock, Kowloon	250	150	25	7	162
No. 16 Dock, Kowloon	250	150	25	7	162
No. 17 Dock, Kowloon	250	150	25	7	162
No. 18 Dock, Kowloon	250	150	25	7	162
No. 19 Dock, Kowloon	250	150	25	7	162
No. 20 Dock, Kowloon	250	150	25	7	162

HEAD OFFICE: KOWLOON
Telephone No. 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20.

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WATSON'S OLD BROWN BRANDY

25 YEARS IN WOOD.

A. S. WATSON & Co., Ltd.,

WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

Telephone No. 616.

To-day's Advertisements

TO LET.

FURNISHED, for 7 weeks from
15th September. INVERDUE,
Marker Road, 7 Rooms, Tennis Court,
etc.

Apply to—

W. CHATHAM,
Public Works Department,
Hongkong, Aug. 22, 1918.

KOWLOON-CANTON RAILWAY.

(Barran Section).

DURING Suspension of Traffic with
Canton, the following additional
Local Trains will run between Kowloon
and Shum Chun.

Leave Kowloon 3.18 p.m.
Arrival Shum Chun 4.12 p.m.
Leave Shum Chun 3.04 p.m.
Arrival Kowloon 4.00 p.m.

By Order,

ROBERT BAKER,

Manager.

Kowloon, 22nd Aug., 1918.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.

S.S. "JUTLANDIA"
FROM SAN FRANCISCO.

THE above-mentioned vessel having
arrived from San Francisco, with
general cargo and cargo transferred
from the S.S. "ARAKAN." Consignees
of Cargo are hereby notified that
the cargo will be landed at their
risk into the Hazardous and/or extra
Hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong
and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd.,
Kowloon, and stored at Consignees' risk.
Consignees of Cargo are hereby notified
that they must produce an Import Permit
signed by the Superintendent of Imports
and Exports, Hongkong, and must also
complete assignment of existing rights
and claims against the Dutch steamer
S.S. "ARAKAN" as required by the
Division of Operations of the United
States Shipping Board Emergency Fleet
Corporation, before Bills of Lading can
be countersigned.

All broken, chafed and damaged Goods
are to be left in the Godowns where they
will be examined on MONDAY, the
26th August, 1918, at 10 a.m.

All claims must be presented within one
month of the steamer's arrival here, after
which they cannot be recognized.

No Claims will be admitted after the
Goods have left the Godowns and all
Goods remaining undelivered after the
28th August, 1918, will be subject to rent.

No Fire Insurance whatever will be
admitted.

Consignees are requested to send in
their Bills of Lading for countersignature
immediately.

PACIFIC MAIL S.S. CO.

J. ORAM SHEPPARD,

Acting Agent.

Hongkong, Aug. 22, 1918.

KODAKS

and FILMS,

PLATES

and PAPER,

DEVELOPING & PRINTING

UNDERTAKEN.

A. TACK & CO.,

26, Des Vaux Road Central.

(303)

THE "CHINA MAIL"

NOTICE.

Communications relating to news should

be addressed to THE EDITOR.

Correspondents must forward their

names and addresses with any communica-

tion addressed to the Editor, not necessarily

for publication but as evidence of good

faith.

All matter for publication should be

written on one side of the paper only.

Letters relating to business should be

addressed to THE MANAGER.

Rates of subscription to "China Mail" is

\$36 per annum; per quarter and per month

rates "pro rata".

The "China Mail" is delivered free to

subscribers in Hongkong and Kowloon.

Postage is charged at the rate of fifty

cents per month.

Orders for extra copies of the "China

MAIL" should be sent as soon as possible, as

the supply is limited. Cash 10 cts., Credit

20 cts. per copy.

Telegraphic Address: "Mail," Hongkong.

Code A.B.O. 5th Edition.

Telephone No. 22.

THE CHINA MAIL, LTD.

the principles of right, freedom,
honour and morality which the
KAISER has the effrontery to claim
as the monopoly of the German
people. The war itself has exploded
the KAISER's pretensions to the title
of a "Prince of Peace," and it is
destined also to destroy his claims to
the gift of prophecy. Victory and
peace when it comes will not
bear a German label, but will bear a
mark which will give the whole world
assurance of protection from mili-
tarism, and to each and every nation
security in the enjoyment of its
national rights and liberties.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

Exchange opened this morning

at 6.31.16d. on demand.

Mr. Fusanowaka Kubara, a Japanese
mine-owner, has offered a contribution
of 100,000 yen to the funds of the
Chemical and Investigation Institute at
Tokyo.

Nineteen fishermen's stakes and
nets in Mrs. Bay belonging to the
villagers of Shataukok were destroyed
by the typhoon on the 15th instant.
They are valued at \$830.

Mr. C. G. Alabaster, O.B.E., instructed
by Mr. W. E. L. Shenton, of Messrs.
Design, Looker, Deacon and Harston,
appeared for the plaintiffs and Mr. F. C.
Jenkin, C.R.E., instructed by Mr.
P. W. Goldring, of Messrs. Goldring
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Mr. P. S. Cassidy, of the Hongkong
and Shanghai Bank, has taken over the
Hon. Treasurer of the St. George's
Society and would be obliged if mem-
bers would send in their subscriptions
for the current year as soon as possible.

Mr. de Souza, the Consul for
Portugal, desires to express his sincere
thanks to the Committee of the Hong-
kong War Charities. Fund for their
handsome donation of £500 to the Por-
tuguese Red Cross Society. Draft for
this amount has been sent to the Red
Cross Society through the Secretary of
State for Foreign Affairs in Lisbon.

The following passengers arrived
yesterday by the S.S. "Jutlandia" (for which
the Pacific Mail are agents):—H. H.
Traidors Prambandh (Prince of Siam),
former Siamese Minister to Germany,
Austria-Hungary and Denmark, H. H.
Princess Prambandh, wife of the Minis-
ter, and Princess Pantip, Prince Deva-
vati, Princess Chantaree, Prince Towden,
Princess Devakule (children of the Minis-
ter) and their retinue, including an
English nurse.

THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

VACANCY.

THE NOMINATIONS.

The time for delivery of nominations
of Candidates for the vacancy on the
Legislative Council to represent the
Justices of the Peace, during the
absence of the Hon. Mr. H. E. Pollock,
K.C., expired at 4 o'clock this afternoon.
The following nominations were hand-
ed in:—

Mr. A. R. Lowe, proposed by Mr.
Andrew Forbes and seconded by
Mr. Evan Ormiston.

Mr. H. W. Bird, proposed by the
Hon. Mr. D. Landale and seconded
by Mr. N. J. Slabb, O.B.E.

The ballot takes place at the Regis-
trar's Office in the Supreme Court, on
Wednesday next, between 4 and 5
o'clock p.m.

ARE YOU GOING ON A

JOURNEY?

CHAMBERLAIN'S COLIC, Cholera and
Diarrhoea Remedy should be packed
in your hand luggage when going on a
journey. Change of water, diet and
temperature all tend to produce bowel
trouble, and this medicine cannot be
secured on board the train or steamship.
It may save much suffering and inces-
sant worry, if you have it handy. It is sold
by all Chemists and Druggists.

SUPREME COURT.

ORIGINAL JURISDICTION.

AN ECHO OF THE CHINESE

REVOLUTION.

In the Supreme Court, this morning,
before Sir William Rees Davies, K.C.,
Chief Justice, trial of issue was heard
as to whether the defendants in an
original action should give an account
to the Salt Commissioner of Kwangtung.

In the original action the plaintiffs,
Fung Pak Hang, Hung Kwai San and
others, trading as, the Hang Fat Loi,
carrying on business as salt commis-
sioners in Kwangtung province, claimed
from the defendant, Cheung Tsz Wei,
for an account to be taken, with all
necessary inquiries and directions, of
the disbursements made by the defendant
on behalf of the plaintiffs out of an
amount of \$17,500 received by the
defendant from To Lan Tung branch
depot in Hung Po and received by the
defendant as agent for the plaintiffs, and
for payment of the amount.

Mr. C. G. Alabaster, O.B.E., instructed
by Mr. W. E. L. Shenton, of Messrs.
Design, Looker, Deacon and Harston,
appeared for the plaintiffs and Mr. F. C.
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stationed. In connection with this
attack the defendant suffered various
injuries including the loss of an eye, and
practically had his face cut in half.
He was incapacitated from further
duties for some time and since that
date defendant had not been engaged at
any of the plaintiff's depot. After receiv-
ing the injuries, defendant was taken
to the head depot and he finally found
his way to Hongkong where he has
remained during the ensuing years.
The plaintiffs eventually agreed to pay
defendant some compensation for the
injuries he received in their service.
The amount of the compensation was in
dispute but Counsel did not think it was
in dispute that plaintiffs were willing to
do something. There was one other
person to whom Counsel said he would
have to refer. Whilst defendant was
engaged as inner accountant at the
depot, there was another man engaged
as outer accountant, named To Lan
Tung. The defendant, being stricken
down by the revolutionaries, the inner
accountancy was taken over by this
man, To, who subsequently remitted
to defendant in Hongkong the sum
referred to in the statement of claim,
viz. \$17,500 and as His Lordship would
see, plaintiffs said they wanted an
account rendered by defendant as to the
manner in which the latter had
utilised the money. The defendant's
case, as disclosed in the affidavit, which
he filed earlier in the proceedings in
1916, was that he received the money
but denied the allegation, made by the
plaintiffs, that he received the money
whilst acting as an employee. Defen-

Mr. Jenkin said he had not the right
to begin but he was willing to make an
offer if His Lordship would hear him
first. Proceeding, Counsel said that
plaintiffs commenced the business of Salt
Commissioners in Kwangtung province
in 1911. There were various depots,
and one of the depots was that referred
to in the statement of claim. At this
depot the defendant was in charge and
he commenced his duties there in
February 1911, and in November on the
outbreak of the Revolution some of the
depots were attacked by the revolution-
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SHEPPING

P. & O. S. N. Co.

STEAM FOR
STRAITS, COLOMBO, BOMBAY,
EGYPT, MEDITERRANEAN PORTS
AND LONDON.

Through Bills of Lading issued for BATA
VIA PERSIAN GULF, CONTEMP
TAL, AMERICAN AND SOUTH
AFRICAN PORTS.

THIS Homeward Mail Steamer will
leave for all Males, and will be
despatched from this port as usual taking
Passengers and Cargo for the above ports.
Passengers' accommodation in the com-
municating vessel is secured before departure
from Hongkong.

Valuable Cargo for Italy
France, and London (under arrangements
made with the Italian Government)
will be conveyed in this steamer
proceeding via Bombay and then
transhipped to the communicating
steamer for Genoa and London.

Parcels will be received at this Office
until 3 p.m. the day before sailing. The
contents and value of all packages as-
sessed and required.

For further particulars, sailing dates,
&c. apply to

P. L. KNIGHT,
Acting Superintendent
Hongkong, Nov. 23, 1917.

FOR SAIGON.

THE Steamship
"VARG,"
 will have prompt despatch.
 For Freight apply to:
MESSAGERIES MARITIMES CO.
 3 Queen's Building.
 Hongkong, Aug. 20, 1918.

NOTICES TO CONSIGNEES

JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN.
 NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.
 FROM KOBE AND MOJI.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

FROM EUROPE AND STRAITS
THE Company's Steamship
"INABA MARU"
will leave the above

d. Consignees of Cargo are advised that their Goods are being landed placed at their risk in the HONOR

KOWLOON WHARF & GODOWNS COMPANY
 GODOWNS at Kowloon, where each consignment will be sorted out mark by mark, and delivery can be obtained as and when the Goods are landed.
 Optional Goods will be carried on

AGENTS

LONDON:—WILLIAM SEATER, 4
Russell Street, W.C. F. ALGA
12 Clement's Lane, Lombard
E.C. T. B. BROWNE & Co
163 Queen's Road, Victoria
CLARENCE SON & PLATT, 85

church st. e. c., G. STREET & C
SU Cornhill, GORDON & GORO

Bride St., R.C. ROBERT WATSON
 Fleet Street, O. MITCHELL & CO.
 Hull, Holborn Viaduct, R.C. ROBERT
 KESTNER & CO., 3 Whitefriars
 R.C. MATHER & CROWTHER,
 11, 12, New Bridge St., R.C.

SHIPPING

P. & O. S. N. CO.

ROYAL MAIL SERVICE

UNDER CONTRACT WITH HIS MAJESTY'S GOVERNMENT

TO

MARSEILLES AND LONDON,

TAKING PASSENGERS AND CARGO TO

STRAITS, COLOMBO, INDIA, AUSTRALASIA, EGYPT, &c.

Steamers to Colombo	Leave Hongkong Noon	Connecting Mail Steamer from Colombo	Due Marseilles	Due London

When Passengers change Steamers at COLOMBO Accommodation in the connecting Steamer from COLOMBO is definitely reserved in Hongkong at the time of Booking.
On the Australian Route Tickets Interchangeable with Orient Line.

SAILINGS DIRECT TO
SHANGHAI, MOJI, KOBE AND
YOKOHAMA.

S. S.	Leave Hongkong About

Passengers may travel by Railway in Japan between Ports of Call free of charge.

INTERMEDIATE STEAMERS (Non-Transshipment)
IN ADDITION TO THE ABOVE MAIL STEAMERS,
WILL LEAVE DIRECT FOR
MARSEILLES AND LONDON,

Calling at SINGAPORE, PORT SWETENHAM, PENANG, COLOMBO

AND PORT SAID.

CARRYING 1st AND 2nd SALOON PASSENGERS AT REDUCED RATES.

PROPOSED SAILINGS:

STEAMERS	Leave Hongkong about	Leave SINGAPORE about	Leave PORT SWETENHAM about	Leave LONDON about

THE INTERMEDIATE SERVICE IS TEMPORARILY SUSPENDED.

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY FITTED ON ALL STEAMERS.
All Cabins are fitted with Electric Fans free of charge, and each Berth furnished with an Electric Reading Lamp.
Owing to the War in Europe Steamers and Sailing dates are liable to be cancelled or altered without notice.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.
Consignees are reminded of the necessity to apply to the Company's Agents regarding arrival of consignments expect 1st of which they have received documents or advice.
Any damaged packages must be left in the Godowns for examination by the Consignees and the Company's Surveyors, Messrs Goddard and Douglas, at 10 a.m. on Mondays and Thursdays. All claims must be presented within ten days of the steamer's arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognized. No Claims will be admitted after the goods have left the Godowns.
For Further Information, Passage Fares, Freight, Handbooks, Dates of Sailing, &c., apply to.

P. L. KNIGHT,
Acting Superintendent.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

(JAPAN MAIL S.S. CO.)

SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

DESTINATION	STEAMER & DISPLACEMENT	SAILING DATES
Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama	*Iyo Maru, 12,330 tons WED., 4th Sept., 11 a.m.	
	*Kitano Maru, 15,980 tons WED., 18th Sept., 11 a.m.	
Nagasaki, Kobe & Yokohama	*Nikko Maru, 9,600 tons SAT., 14th Sept., 11 a.m.	
	*Aldi Maru, 13,300 tons SAT., 18th Oct., 11 a.m.	

Shanghai, Moji & Kobe

London or Liverpool via Spore, Colombo, Delagoa Bay & Cape Town

Melbourne via Manila, Zamboanga, Thursday Is., Townsville, Brisbane, & Sydney

New York via Shanghai, Kobe, Yokohama, San Francisco & Panama Canal

Bombay via Singapore, Malacca, & Colombo

Calcutta via Singapore, Penang & Rangoon

FOR DATES OF SAILING
APPLY AT THE COMPANY'S
OFFICE.

* Wireless Telegraphy.

HONGKONG-VICTORIA B.C. SEATTLE

VIA

Manila, Keelung, Shanghai, Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokkaichi, Shimidzu & Yokohama.

Operated by the magnificent and splendidly equipped Passenger Steamers "Fushimi Maru," "Suwa Maru," "Kashima Maru" and "Katori Maru," each of over 20,000 tons displacement.

Next sailing from Hongkong:

*Fushimi Maru, WEDNESDAY, 11th Sept., 11 a.m.
*Kashima Maru, THURSDAY, 19th Sept., 11 a.m.
*Omitting Manila Eastbound.

For further information apply to

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

E. MORI, Manager

Telephone 272 & 273

CONDITIONS IN MOSCOW.

REPORTS BY THE AMERICAN CONSUL.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10.

The State Department has issued a statement giving a summary of messages from the American Consul at Moscow, reading as follows:—

"On July 20th Lenin declared before the official gathering of Soviets that the official gathering of Soviets that was existed between the Russian Republic and the Allied Powers. The diplomatic representatives of France, Italy and the United States inquired of the Commissariat of Foreign Affairs if Lenin's declared statements should not be considered a declaration of war involving a rupture of de facto relations and the departure of the Consuls.

"Foreign Commissary Tchitcherine said that this need not be; that it was a state of defence rather than a state of war, and that the Government desired to continue relations with the Entente, as it did with Germany under analogous circumstances. Three days later he said that inasmuch as Lenin's utterances were made behind closed doors at a meeting at which the agents of the Allies were present only by special courtesy on the part of the Soviet Government, a public explanation could not be given without a non-public utterance.

"On August 5th a conference was held between Tchitcherine and the Consuls-General of Sweden, Japan, the United States and France. Firstly, the Soviet Government gave solemn assurance that persons of Allied nationality who have no diplomatic or no official character would not be molested; secondly, Tchitcherine stated that the Allied military missions would not be allowed to depart as had already been promised, and that other civilian persons arrested were hostages for the lives of the Soviet members in the territory occupied by the Allies. Tchitcherine said that those persons were civil prisoners arrested in accordance with the practices of war for internment. He added that no responsibility could be assumed for their future safety because Great Britain and France had already attacked Archangel without a declaration of war.

"Mr. Poole, the American Consul, replied that he was without knowledge of what had taken place in the north, but warned Tchitcherine that the people of the Allied nations could not be intimidated and that the initiation of a system of reprisals by the Soviet Government could only result in individual members of the Government being held responsible personally, and in the losing by the Bolshevik cause of whatever respect it might now have in the minds of the civilized world.

"A message from Mr. Poole, dated August 6th, states that the authorities had forcibly entered the consulate-general of France and England on August 4th and arrested the Consuls-General and their staffs. They were released the following morning through the untiring good offices of the Swedish Consul-General. A guard around the consulates would not permit British and French nationals to approach. Feeling no assurance that the American consulate-general would not be violated at any moment, Mr. Poole destroyed the code records. This made it impossible for him to carry on his functions and Mr. Poole asked the Swedish Consul-General to take over American interests, at the same time making a request for the facilities of the Soviet Government for the immediate departure of the American diplomatic and consular staff. The Allied Consuls did likewise. All steps were being taken for the security of private American citizens and they had not been molested so far. Mr. Poole said that their departure would probably be by way of Petrograd and Stockholm.

"Mr. Poole reported the above occurrences to Secretary of State Lansing."

HOPE FOR THE CHAN-NEL TUNNEL.

JAPANESE MAKERS.

Every kind of Footwear

MADE

TO

ORDER



CHERRY & CO.

FEDDER STREET.

Opposite Hongkong Hotel.

Telephone No. 491.

Hongkong, March 20, 1914

METALS

of all kinds, especially for shipbuilding and engineering works. Largest and best assorted stock in the Colony.

SINGON & CO.

(ESTABLISHED A.D. 1880).

HONG-KONG ST. Phone 2515.

WAI KEE.

FLAG & SAILMAKER.

No. 129, Des Voeux Road Central.

Top Floor, HONGKONG.

Telephone No. 1833.

KEATING'S

WORM TABLETS

A purely Vegetable Preparation

Keating's Worm Tablets furnish a most agreeable method of administering the only certain remedy for Intestinal and Stomach Worms. Perfectly safe, mild, and especially adapted for children.

To be obtained of all Druggists, Chemists, and Grocers.

Prepared by KEATING, London, England.

ITALY'S STRUGGLE FOR NATIONAL EXISTENCE.

With Italy engaged in a struggle for national existence, there came back to mind lines by Rossetti written, of 1848, in which he describes Italy as "the desolate mother."

Who long has claimed:

Her was "strong arms to lean on, and their heads

To lean the poisonous thicket from her path.

Cleaving her way to light.

That poisonous thicket has developed afresh with gourd-like growth, and if left unchecked would restore the conditions which drove the elder Rossetti an exile to England.

A WORD TO ONE WOMAN.

An Example to Follow.

If you are the woman to whom this is addressed, you will recognise yourself in the following description. The message and the offer are for you, be you woman or girl.

This woman is tired. She never has all the bounding energy which she envies in others. She has cold feet; they keep her awake. In the morning she is loath to get up. Sleep has not refreshed her. Her appetite is poor and she often suffers in more ways than anyone realises. She would sometimes take a day in bed if she could; occasionally she is obliged to. Her system is debilitated, and she sees no prospect of better health.

She need not endure this misery. Thousands of women know what relief from pain and an outlook of ill-health, and what new life to every part of the system Dr. Williams' pink pills for pale people give women and girls. They have felt the new blood which these pills send coursing through their veins, and the new health tinging in their systems. If you recognise yourself in the above description, start a course of Dr. Williams' pink pills and let the ranks of the women they have helped.

A reporter has interviewed the wife of an instructor on one of His Majesty's warships, Mrs. Elizabeth Parkins, who resides at 50, Glendower Road, Pimlico, Plymouth. In the course of conversation she told a tale worth noting. "Several years ago," said Mrs. Parkins, "I suffered from a severe illness."

"For seven months I was under medical care, feeling weaker and weaker every day. I could not eat or sleep, while my limbs ached so fearfully that I couldn't bear to move them."

"I started fainting fits going off at the least exertion."

"I tried everything that it was possible to try," continued Mrs. Parkins, "but nothing seemed any good. One day I picked up a paper and in it I read about Dr. Williams' pink pills. I decided to try them and began a course. After taking one bottle I noticed that my breathing was better; also I could enjoy food."

"Gradually I began to get stronger. Day by day my health improved, and in a short time I had recovered sufficiently to make a journey to the north of England."

"I persevered steadily with the pills while away, and when I returned in six months to Devonport my friends did not recognise me. I was a new woman and better in health than I had ever been since I was a girl. I owe my present good health, if not my life, to Dr. Williams' pink pills."

"You cannot do better, if your health is low, than to start a course of Dr. Williams' pink pills for pale people without delay. These pills are stocked by chemists, and are also obtainable from the China Office of the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 38, Selegie Road, Shanghai, and for a bottle, \$2.00, the bottles sent free."

"FREE—There is much useful information in the little handbook 'Plain Talk,' offered free to lady readers who send a postcard request for a copy to the above address."

LOSING WEIGHT

BY THE POUND

Under Weight, a condition of ill-health, shows your assimilative powers are decreasing.

WATERBURY'S METABOLIZED COD LIVER OIL COMPOUND

Supplies the blood with the wanted nourishing and healthy flesh building materials. Very palatable.

OF ALL CHEMISTS

Price 2/6

SHIPPING

PACIFIC MAIL S.S. CO.

U. S. Mail Line

OPERATING THE NEW FIRST CLASS STEAMERS

"ECUADOR," "VENEZUELA" and "COLOMBIA."

14,000 Tons each.

HONGKONG TO SAN FRANCISCO

via SHANGHAI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA and HONOLULU.

The Sunshine Belt.

The most Comfortable Route to America and Europe.

Sailings from Hongkong at Noon.

S.S. "COLOMBIA" WEDNESDAY, Sept. 11th, 1918

S.S. "VENEZUELA" WEDNESDAY, Oct. 2nd, 1918

S.S. "ECUADOR" WEDNESDAY, Nov. 6th, 1918

These Steamers have the most modern equipment including overhead electric fans and electric lighting. ALL LOWER DECKS and large comfortable Staterooms (All single and two berth only).

The Safety and Comfort of Passengers is our first consideration. Special care is given to the catering and the attendance on passengers cannot be surpassed.

Tickets are interchangeable with the Tokyo-Kobe-Kanaka and the Canadian Pacific Ocean Services, Ltd.

For further information, rates, literature, schedules, etc., apply to COMPANY'S OFFICE in Auckland, Wellington, Christchurch.

TELEPHONE 141.

BANKS

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL \$18,000,000

RESERVE FUND \$15,000,000

SILVER \$15,000,000

RESERVE LIABILITY OF \$15,000,000

PROFITABLE \$15,000,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS:

Hon. Mr. P. H. Holtz, Esq., Chairman.

G. T. M. Edkins, Esq., Deputy Chairman.

S. H. Dodwell, Esq., E. V. D. P. Esq., C. S. Gubbay, Esq., J. A. Pinner, Esq., Hon. Mr. D. Landale, Hon. Mr. E. Shollin, W. L. Paterson, Esq.

CHIEF MANAGER: Hongkong, N. J. STARR, Esq.

MANAGERS: Shanghai—A. G. STEPHEN, Esq. London—LONDON COUNTY AND WESTMINSTER BANK, LIMITED.

HONGKONG—INTEREST ALLOWED: On Current Account at the rate of Two per cent. per annum on the daily balance.

ON FIXED DEPOSITS: For 3 months 3 1/2 per cent. per annum.

For 6 months 4 per cent. per annum.

For 12 months 4 1/2 per cent. per annum.

N. J. STARR, Chief Manager.

Hongkong, March 23, 1918.

HONGKONG SAVINGS BANK.

YOUR business with the above Bank is conducted by the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION. Rules may be obtained on application.

INTEREST on deposits is allowed on the minimum monthly balance at 3 1/2 PER CENT. per annum. Depositing may transfer at their option balances of \$100 or more to the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANK, to be placed on FIXED DEPOSIT at 4 PER CENT. per annum.

For the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, N. J. STARR, Chief Manager.

Hongkong, May 14, 1918.

THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA & CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER 1853.

HEAD OFFICE, LONDON.

PAID-UP CAPITAL \$1,000,000

RESERVE FUND \$1,000,000

RESERVE LIABILITY OF \$1,000,000

FOREIGN EXCHANGE and General Banking business transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received for 1 year or shorter periods at rates which will be quoted on application.

T. C. DOWNING, Manager.

Hongkong, May 7, 1918.

THE MERCHANT BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

Authorized Capital \$1,000,000

Subscribed \$1,000,000

Paid-up \$1,000,000

Reserve Fund \$1,000,000

BANKERS: MESSRS. H. S. GOSWAMI & CO., Ltd.

BANK OF ENGLAND.

LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK, LIMITED.

Every description of Exchange business transacted.

INTEREST allowed on Current Accounts at 1 per cent. per annum.

On Daily Balances and on Fixed Deposits at rates which may be obtained on application.

O. CHAMPELIN, Acting Manager.

7 Queen's Road Central, Hongkong, P. O. Box 410.

NOTICE.

HIGH-CLASS PRINTING

We have a large stock of all the latest styles of type and printing materials, and are prepared to execute all orders for printing in the most efficient manner.

BOOKING BIND

We have a large stock of all the latest styles of type and printing materials, and are prepared to execute all orders for printing in the most efficient manner.

THE CHINA MAIL OFFICE

We have a large stock of all the latest styles of type and printing materials, and are prepared to execute all orders for printing in the most efficient manner.

BOOKS & PAMPHLETS SPECIALTY

We have a large stock of all the latest styles of type and printing materials, and are prepared to execute all orders for printing in the most efficient manner.

Printed and Published by the CHINA MAIL OFFICE, 11, Market Street, HONGKONG.

HONGKONG DEFENCE CORPS.

Orders for Infantry Company by Capt. J. H. W. Armstrong, T.D.

THURSDAY, 22nd instant: 5.30 p.m. Left Half Coy. New D.R.F. Class only.

Orders for Engineer Company by Captain W. Russell.

With to 2nd instant: 5.30 p.m. Left Half Coy. Full drill.

Orders for Infantry Battalion by Major H. A. Morgan.

THURSDAY, 22nd instant: 5.15 p.m. No. 2 Platoon at King's Park Range.

THURSDAY, 22nd instant: 5.30 p.m. No. 3 and 4 Platoons at King's Park Range.

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Burning, Itching Eczema On Body

Came Like Rash. Had to Go to Bed. Used to Cry with Pain. Scratched. Cuticura Healed.

"My limbs broke out with eczema from the knees to the neck of my foot, and then on every part of my body. It first came like a rash and burned and itched terribly. I discharged horribly, and I had to go to bed. I used to cry with the pain and scratch all my limbs blind."

WEATHER REPORT.

August 22nd 1918. No returns from Japan and Windivostok. Pressure has increased slightly at all reporting stations.

Forecast for the 24 hours ending at 10 a.m. to-day, 0.15 inch. Total since January 1st, 74.33 inches, against an average of 62.77 inches.

ROYAL OBSERVATORY HONGKONG, DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

AUGUST 22, 1918. a.m.

Station.	Height.	Barometer. at Sea Level.	Temperature.	Humidity.	Direction.	Force.	Weather.
Telestock	651						
temuro	521						
akodate							
okie							
ochi							
anaka							
akabina							
shima							
sha							
shima							
shima Island							
chibauei	61	29.96	72	95	S	1	B
hang							
tsukang							
nangsha							
hanghai		29.80	76	88	ENE	1	M
tsing		29.77	77	95	S	1	B
hary Pk.		29.85	83	87	W	0	
tsong		29.86	80	82	S	0	
tsakou							
tsakou	51	29.75	73	94	N	2	B
tsakou		29.84	76	91	N	2	B
tsakou		29.81	77	93	N	3	B
tsakou		29.81	77	93	N	3	B
tsakou		29.79	77	93	N	3	B
tsakou							
tsakou	91						
tsakou							
tsakou	71	29.73	77	94	N	2	B
tsakou		29.76	79		NW	4	B
tsakou		29.77	79		NW	4	B
tsakou	61	29.77	79	89	NW	4	B
tsakou		29.77	79				
tsakou		29.78	76	88	S	1	B
tsakou		29.74	72	92	SW	4	B
tsakou		29.76	79	85	NW	4	B
tsakou		29.78	79	80	NW	3	B
tsakou		29.78	79				
tsakou		29.78	79				
tsakou	430						
tsakou	61	29.35	60	80	S	2	B